THE
CAROLINA GAZETTE.
SOUTH

[VOL. XXXIV.] [NUMB. 1686.]

From *Monday* JANUARY 18, to *Monday* JANUARY 25, 1768.

Chriſtopher Gadſden

HAVING framed a WHARF at the North end of the town, will be much obliged to the gentlemen any way concerned in veſſels, for their BALLAST, delivered at his wharf; at the end of which any ſhip that comes over the bar may lay, and where there is every neceſſary convenience for diſcharging with the greateſt diſpatch.

N. B. THREE veſſels can at any time be diſpatched together at ſaid wharf.

LETTERS from a FARMER *in* PENNSYLVANIA, *to the Inhabitants of the* BRITISH COLONIES.

LETTER IV.

Beloved Countrymen,

N objection, I hear has been made againſt what I offered in my ſecond letter, which I would willingly clear up before I proceed. "*There is*," ſay theſe objectors, "a material difference between the *Stamp Act*, and the *late Act* for laying a duty on paper, &c. that juſtifies the conduct of thoſe who oppoſed the former, and yet are willing to ſubmit to the latter. The duties impoſed by the *Stamp Act* were *internal* taxes; but the preſent are *external*, and therefore the parliament may have a right to impoſe them."

To this I anſwer, with a total denial of the power of parliament to lay upon theſe colonies any "*Tax Whatever*."

This point, being ſo important to this and to ſucceeding generations, I wiſh to be clearly underſtood.

To the word "*Tax*" I annex that meaning which the conſtitution and hiſtory of *England* require to be annexed to it; that is—that it is an impoſition on the ſubject for the ſole purpoſe of levying money.

In the early ages of our monarchy, certain ſervices were rendered to the crown for the general good. Theſe were *perſonal*: but in proceſs of time, ſuch inſtitutions being found inconvenient; *gifts* and *grants* of their own property were made by the people, under the ſeveral names of aids, tallages, taſks taxes and ſubſidies. Theſe were made, as may be collected even from the names, for public ſervice upon "Need and Neceſſity." All theſe ſums were levied upon the people by virtue of their voluntary ‡ gift. Their deſign was to ſupport the national honour and intereſt. Some of theſe grants comprehended duties ariſing from trade; being impoſts on merchandize. Theſe lord chief juſtice *Coke* claſſes under "ſubſidies," and "parliamentary aids." They are alſo call'd "cuſtoms." But whatever the *name* was, they were always conſidered as *gifts of the people to the crown, to be employed for the public uſes.*

Commerce was at a low ebb, and ſurprizing inſtances might be produced how little it was attended to for a ſucceſſion of ages. The terms that have been mentioned, and among the reſt, that of "*Tax*," had obtained a national parliamentary meaning, drawn from the principles of the conſtitution, long before any *Engliſhman* thought of *regulations of trade by the impoſition of duties.*

Whenever we ſpeak of "TAXES" among *Engliſhmen*, let us therefore ſpeak of them with reference to the *intentions* with which, and the *principles* on which they have been eſtabliſhed. This will give certainty to our expreſſion, and ſafety to our conduct: But if, when we have in view the liberty of theſe colonies, and the influence of taxes laid without our conſent, we proceed in any other courſe, we purſue a * *June* indeed, but ſhall only catch a *cloud.*

In the national, parliamentary ſenſe inſiſted on, the word "TAX"† was certainly underſtood by the congreſs at *New York*, whoſe reſolves may be ſaid to form the *American* "bill of rights."

The third, fourth, fifth and ſixth reſolves are thus expreſſed.

III. "That it is *inſeperably eſſential to the freedom of a people*, and the *undoubted right* of *Engliſhmen*, that NO TAX be impoſed on them, *but with their own conſent*, given perſonally, or by their repreſentatives."

IV. "That the people of the colonies are not, and, *from* their local circumſtances, cannot, be repreſented in the houſe of commons in *Great-Britain.*

V. "That the only repreſentatives of the people of the colonies are, the perſons choſen therein by themſelves; and that NO TAXES ever have been, or can be conſtitutionally impoſed on them, but by their reſpective legiſlatures."

VI. "That ALL *ſupplies to the crown* being free gifts of the people, it is *unreaſonable and inconſiſtent with the principles and ſpirit of the Britiſh conſtitution*, for the people of *Great Britain* to grant to his majeſty, *the property of the colonies.*"

Here is no diſtinction made between *internal* and *external* taxes.—It is evident from the ſhort reaſoning thrown into theſe reſolves, that every impoſition "to grant to his majeſty *the property of the colonies*," was thought a tax; and that every ſuch impoſition, if laid any other way, but "with their conſent given perſonally, or by their repreſentatives," was not only "unreaſonable and inconſiſtent with the principles and ſpirit of the Britiſh conſtitution," but deſtructive "to the freedom of a people."

This language is clear and important. A "TAX" means an impoſition to raiſe money. Such perſons therefore as ſpeak of *internal* and *external* "Taxes," I pray may pardon me, if I object to that expreſſion, as applied to the privileges and intereſts of theſe colonies. There may be *internal* and *external* IMPOSITIONS, founded on *different principles*, and having *different tendencies*; every "TAX" being an impoſition, though every impoſition is not a "TAX." But *all taxes* are founded on the *ſame principle*; and have the *ſame tendency.*

External impoſitions for the regulation of our trade, do not "grant to his majeſty *the property of the colonies.*" They only *prevent the colonies acquiring property*, in things not neceſſary, in a manner judged to be injurious to the welfare of the whole empire. But the laſt ſtatute reflecting us, "grants to his majeſty *the property of the colonies*," by laying duties on the manufactures of *Great Britain* which they MUST take, and which ſhe ſettled on them, on purpoſe that they SHOULD take.

What ¶ *Tax* can be more *internal* than this? Here is money drawn *without their conſent* from a Society, who have conſtantly enjoyed a conſtitutional mode of raiſing all money among themſelves: The payment of this *Tax* they have no poſſible method of avoiding; as they cannot do without the commodities on which it is laid, and they cannot manufacture theſe commodities themſelves. Beſides, if this unhappy country ſhould be ſo lucky, as to elude this act, by getting parchment enough in the place of paper, or by reviving the ancient method of writing on *wax* and *bark*: and by inventing ſomething to ſerve inſtead of *glaſs*, her ingenuity would ſtand in little ſtead; for then the parliament would have nothing to do, but to prohibit ſuch manufactures, or to lay a tax on *bark* and *wooden charts*, which they have already prohibited the colonies *from ſupplying each other with*; or on inſtruments and tools of *ſteel* and iron, which they have prohibited the provinciats *from manufacturing at all*: and then what little gold and ſilver they have muſt be torn from their hands, or they will not be able in a ſhort time to get an ax‖ for cutting their firewood, nor a plough for raiſing their food. In what reſpect therefore, I beg leave to aſk, is the late act preferable to the Stamp act, or more conſiſtent with the Liberties of the colonies? For my own part, "I regard them both with equal apprehenſion; and think they ought to be in the ſame manner oppoſed."

"Habemus quidem ſenatus conſultum,—tanquam gladium in vagina repoſitum."

"*We have a ſtatute laid up for future uſe, like a ſword in the ſcabbard.*" A FARMER.

* *It is very worthy of remark, how watchful our wiſe anceſtors were, leſt their ſervices ſhould be encreaſed beyond what the law allowed. No man was bound to go out of the realm to ſerve the King. Therefore, even in the conquering reign of Henry 5th, when the martial ſpirit of the nation was highly inflamed by the heroic courage of their prince, and by his great ſucceſs, they ſtill carefully guarded againſt the eſtabliſhment of illegal ſervices.* "*When this point* (ſays lord chief juſtice Coke) *concerning maintenance of wars out of* England *came in queſtion, the* COMMONS *did make their* continual *claim of their* ancient freedom *and* birth right, *as in the 1ſt of Henry the 5th and in the 7th of Henry the 5th &c. the* COMMONS *made a* PROTEST *that they were not bound to the maintenances of war in* Scotland, Ireland, Calloe, France, Normandy, *or other* foreign *parts, and cauſed their* PROTESTS *to be entered into the parliament rolls, where they yet remain; which in effect agreeth with that, which upon like occaſion was made in this parliament of 25th Ed. 1.*" 2d. *Inſt. Pa.* 528.

¶ 4th *Inſt.* 28.

‡ *Reges Angliæ, nihil tale, niſi conventis primis ordinibus, et aſſentiente populo ſuſtinuit.* Phil. Comines.

Theſe gifts entirely depending on the pleaſure of the donors, were proportioned to the abilities of the ſeveral ranks of people who gave, and were regulated by their opinion of the public neceſſities. Thus Edward III *had in his 11th year a thirtieth from the laity, a twentieth from the clergy; in his 2nd year a tenth from the laity, a ſixth from London, and their corporate towns, half of their benefices from the clergy; in his 23d year an eleventh from the Barons and others, a tenth from the clergy, a ſeventh from the burgeſſes, &c.* Hume's *Hiſt. of* England.

The ſame difference in the grants of the ſeveral ranks is obſervable in other reigns.

In the famous ſtatute de Tallagio non concedendo, the King enumerates the ſeveral claſſes, without whoſe conſent, he and his heirs never ſhould levy any tax—"*Nullum Tallagium, vel auxilium per nos, vel hæredes noſtros in regno noſtro ponatur ſeu levetur, ſine voluntate et aſſenſu archiepiſcoporum epiſcoporum, comitum baronum, militum, burgenſium, et aliorum liberorum de regno noſtro*" 34 Edw. I.

Lord chief juſtice Coke, *in his comment on theſe words, ſays*—"*For the quieting of the* COMMONS *and for a perpetual and conſtant law for ever to be in this* AND OTHER LIKE CASES, *this act was made.*" "*Theſe words are* plain WITHOUT ANY SCRUPLE, abſolute WITHOUT ANY SAVING." 2d *Coke's Inſt. Pa.* 532, 533. *Little did the venerable judge imagine, that* "OTHER LIKE CASES" *would happen, in which the ſpirit of this law would be diſpoſed by Engliſhmen, the letter of thoſe was made.*

† *In this ſenſe* Monteſquieu *uſes the word* "*Tax*" *in his* 13th *Book of Spirit of Laws.*

¶ *It ſeems to be evident, that Mr.* Pitt, *in his defence of* America *during the debate concerning the repeal of the Stamp-Act, by* "internal *taxes*" *meant any duties* "*For the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue;*" *and by* "external *taxes*" *meant* "*duties impoſed for the regulation of trade.*" *His expreſſions are theſe*——"*If the gentleman does not underſtand the difference between* internal *and* external *taxes, I cannot help it; but there is a plain diſtinction between taxes levied* FOR THE PURPOSE OF RAISING A REVENUE, *and duties impoſed* FOR THE REGULATION OF TRADE, *for the accommodation of the ſubject; although in the conſequences, ſome revenue might incidentally ariſe from the latter.*"

Theſe words were in Mr. Pitt's *reply to Mr.* Grenville, *who ſaid he could not underſtand the difference between external and internal taxes. But Mr.* Pitt *in his firſt ſpeech has made no ſuch diſtinction; and his meaning when he mentions the diſtinction appears to be—that by* "external *taxes*" *he intended impoſitions for the purpoſe of regulating the intercourſe of the colonies with others; and by* "internal *taxes*" *he intended impoſitions for the purpoſe of taking money from them.*

In every other part of his ſpeeches on that occaſion, his words confirm this conſtruction of his expreſſions. The following extracts will ſhew how poſitive and general were his aſſertions of our right.

"*It is my opinion that this kingdom has* NO RIGHT *to lay a* TAX *upon the colonies.*"—"*The Americans are the* SONS, *not the* BASTARDS *of* England. TAXATION IS NO PART *of the governing or legiſlative power.*"—"*The* TAXES *are a voluntary gift and grant of the* COMMONS ALONE. *In* LEGISLATION *the* THREE *eſtates of the realm are* ALIKE *concerned, but the concurrence of the* PEERS *and the* CROWN *to a* TAX, *is only neceſſary to cloſe with the* FORM *of a law. The* GIFT *and* GRANT *is of the* COMMONS ALONE."——"The diſtinction between LEGISLATION *and* TAXATION *is eſſentially neceſſary to liberty.*"—"*The* COMMONS *of America, repreſented in their reſpective aſſemblies, have ever been in poſſeſſion of the exerciſe of this, their conſtitutional right, of* GIVING *and* GRANTING *their* OWN MONEY. *They would have been* SLAVES *if they had not enjoyed it.*"—*The Idea of a virtual repreſentation of* America *in this houſe, is the moſt contemptible Idea that ever entered into the head of man.—It does not deſerve a ſerious refutation.*"

He afterwards ſhews the unreaſonableneſs of Great-Britain *taxing* America, *thus*—"*When I had the honour of ſerving his majeſty, I availed myſelf of the means of information, which I derived from my office; I* SPEAK THEREFORE FROM KNOWLEDGE. *My materials were good. I was at pains to collect, to digeſt, to conſider them, and I will be bold to affirm, that the profit to* Great-Britain, *from the trade of the colonies, through all its branches, is* TWO MILLIONS A YEAR. *This is the fund that carried you triumphantly through the laſt war: The eſtates that were rented at two thouſand pounds a year, threeſcore years ago, are at three thouſand pounds at preſent. Theſe eſtates ſold then from fifteen to eighteen years purchaſe; the ſame may be now ſold for thirty. You owe this to America. This is the price that America pays you for her Protection.*"——"*I dare not ſay how much higher theſe profits may be augmented.*"—"*Upon the whole, I will beg leave to tell the houſe what is really my opinion. It is, that the Stamp-Act be repealed abſolutely, totally and immediately. That the reaſon for the repeal be aſſigned, becauſe it was founded on an* ERRONEOUS PRINCIPLE.

‡ *And that* Pig *and* Bar Iron *made in his Majeſty's colonies in* America *may be* FURTHER MANUFACTURED IN THIS KINGDOM, *be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fourth day of* June 1750, *no* Mill *or other* Engine *for ſlitting or rolling of* Iron, *or any* plating Forge *to work with a* tilt hammer, *or any* furnace *for making* ſteel *ſhall be erected, or after ſuch erection continued* IN ANY OF HIS MAJESTY'S COLONIES IN AMERICA. 23 Geo. 2. Ch. 29. Sect 9.

‖ *Tho' theſe particulars are mentioned as being abſolutely neceſſary, yet perhaps they are not more ſo, than glaſs in our ſevere winters, to keep out the cold from our houſes; or than paper, without which ſuch impreſſible conſuſion muſt enſue.*

New Advertiſements.

TO BE SOLD, *at auction, At the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday next, the 28th inſtant,*

A Parcel of PLANTATION SLAVES.

SAM. PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

22d Jan. 1768.

TO BE SOLD, *By public outcry, At the plantation belonging to Mr.* WILLIAM HOPE, *on St. Helena iſland, on Wedneſday the 3d of February next,*

A FEW horſes, ſeveral yoke of oxen, the ſtock of hogs, a timber carriage, plantation tools, &c.

And at the warehouſe in Charles Town, on Tueſday the 16th day of February,

THE ſaid plantation, containing four hundred acres, and two lots of land in the town of Beaufort (on which there are ſeveral improvements) belonging to the ſaid William Hope, and diſtinguiſhed in the plan of ſaid town by the numbers 306 and 330.

And alſo, about FORTY NEGROES, the property of Mr. Thomas Liſton, and the ſaid William Hope.

And at the reſpective houſes, where the ſaid Thomas Liſton and William Hope now dwell, on Wedneſday the 17th of the ſaid month.

ALL their HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, conſiſting of beds chairs, tables, pictures, &c.

N. B. The conditions will be made known on the days of ſale.

A Parcel of good Weſt-India Rum in hogſheads, to be ſold in Bedon's alley, by WILLIAM SOMERSALL.

January 23d, 1768.

A particular Notice.

January 23d, 1768.

ALL Perſons who were indebted to the Printer of this Gazette before the firſt of November 1765, and have totally diſregarded his former Solicitations for Payment, are NOW deſired to

TAKE NOTICE,

That ſuch of them as do not pay their Accompts in the Courſe of the enſuing Month, will oblige him to have immediate Recourſe to Law for Recovery thereof,—a Step ſo (extremely diſagreeable to him) that nothing leſs than Self-Preſervation could at laſt induce him to take.

THOSE who are become indebted to him ſince the above Date, are likewiſe requeſted to make Payment.

For LONDON,
The Ship RIALTO,
MORGAN GRIFFITH, Maſter,

WILL ſail with the utmoſt diſpatch, having two thirds of her cargo already engaged. For freight or paſſage, having good accommodations, apply to WILSON, CORAM, & Co, or to the maſter on board, at Burn's wharf.

For SALE,

THE ſloop SALLY, Carolina built, burthen about two hundred barrels of rice, not more than eighteen months old; a very handy veſſel, and well fitted and found with every neceſſary, of as ſmall a draught of water as moſt ſchooners that carry no more than 150 barrels, and a remarkable faſt ſailer; is well calculated for the Weſt India or coaſting buſineſs. The purchaſer may have this great advantage in buying her, that if ſhe is continued in the coaſting buſineſs, and the ſame captain employed that goes now in her (who can be well recommended for his diligence and ſobriety) ſhe ſhall have the freight of ſeven or eight hundred barrels of rice during the remainder of the ſeaſon at 15 s. per barrel. The veſſel is ſold for no other reaſon than that ſhe cannot go up many of the little creeks the owner intended ſhe ſhould, except at high tides. The purchaſer, (paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity if required) may have two or three months credit. An inventory may be ſeen in my hands, who am impowered to ſell her, and who will ſupply any quantity of rough rice from 100 to 2000 buſhels on the ſhorteſt notice; alſo a large quantity of green firewood, to be ſold at a landing three miles above Aſhley ferry. Any veſſel that can paſs Acabee may lye at the landing to load. EDWARD BLAKE.

ALL perſons having demands on the eſtate of JOHN WAIGHT FIELD, and thoſe intitled to a dividend of ſaid eſtate, are deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber before the 2d of April, by which time thoſe indebted thereto are requeſted to make payment.

ABRAHAM WAIGHT, *Adminiſtrator.*

MAJOR Samuel Elliott informs me of a ſtrayed ſorrel gelding (which is very troubleſome to him at his Cane-acres plantation in St. Paul's pariſh) about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder R. He has a bald face, and a remarkable white ſpot on his under lip, his hind feet white, and many ſaddle ſpots; his mane and rump grey, ſuppoſed with age, and paces ſlow. The owner muſt prove his property before ANDREW LEITCH. *J. P. St. Paul's Pariſh, 3d Jan.* 1768.

TO BE LETT,

For one year or more,

A VERY good large brick houſe, in George-Town, one end fitted up for a ſtore; where one has been kept for many years, fronting upon Bay-ſtreet, the other part for a family, fronting upon Church-ſtreet. Any one inclinable to hire the ſame, may treat with JOSEPH BROWN.

On Thurſday, the 26th of February next, will be ſold by public vendue, at Jacksborough, Pompon,

ABOUT SIXTY VALUABLE SLAVES, moſtly this country born, among whom are ſawyers, coopers and boatmen, with handy boys and girls; being part of the eſtate of Adam Daniel, Eſq; deceaſed. Credit will be given to the firſt day of January 1769, on paying intereſt with approved ſecurity, the property not to be altered until the terms be complied with. If the above day ſhould prove rainy, the ſale will be on the firſt fair day following.

Thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtate are for the laſt time deſired to make immediate payment, which may prevent diſagreeable conſequences.

WILLIAM LOGAN } *Executors.*
JOHN PARKER }

London Intelligence.

LONDON, OCTOBER 27.

YESTERDAY morning about 2 o' clock, died at his house in Piccadilly, Lieut. Gen. Harry Pulteney, in the 82d year of his age. He was abroad in Queen Ann's wars; was promoted to be a Colonel Aug. 3, 1733; a Maj. Gen. July 3, 1743; and a Lieutenant General, Aug. 8, 1747. He was appointed to the command of the thirteenth regiment of foot, July 5, 1739; & some time after made Governor of Hull. Upon the decease of William late E. of Bath, without iſſue, in 1764, the General who was his only brother, became poſſeſſed of his Lordſhip's immenſe eſtate, both real and perſonal, ſome few legacies excepted; and in the year following reſigned his regiment and government; the former whereof was given to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter. William Pulteney, Eſq; ſon of Sir William Johnſtone, who married Miſs Pulteney, niece to the late Earl of Bath and the General, and who ſome time ago changed his name to Pulteney, by virtue of his Majeſty's royal mandate, will, by the General's death, be poſſeſſed of a very large eſtate.

Laſt week upwards of 30 artificers, in the caſt iron and ſteel branches, were engaged on good encouragement, to embark for New York.

Some letters from Berlin adviſe, that a treaty of alliance, offenſive and defenſive is now negociating there between the king of Pruſſia and the States General.

They write from Jamaica, that two foreigners, ſaid to be Jeſuits, and poſſeſſed of immenſe riches in diamonds and ſpecie, were juſt arrived there on board an Engliſh Coaſt and Main trader from South America.

They write from Toulon, that the court had given orders for ſome ſtrong fortifications being erected at Antibes, a French ſea-port in the Mediterranean, for which 500 galley ſlaves were to be embarked from Marſeilles and Toulon, to help forward the works.

A few nights ago, an attorney was complaining to an eminent counſellor at law, that the buſineſs of the law was every day growing worſe and worſe, the former made him this anſwer, "Be of good cheer, Sir, I warrant you, it wont continue ſo, for the famous cauſe of Hamilton and Douglaſs, has laid a foundation for an inexhauſtible fund of litigation, in all the courts of law in the three kingdoms; even within the narrow circuit of my own acquaintance, I could name near half a ſcore of families, whom law-ſuits might be commenced upon the ſame principles, I hope, before I die, to ſhe the births of half the great heirs in England called in queſtion, there's comfort for you! my worthy;" Aye (replyd the attorney) that would be rare ſport indeed! ſucceſs to all our brethren on the other ſide the Tweed, eſpecially my L—d P—t, who has eſtabliſhed ſuch an excellent precedent for an eternal fund of litigation.

OCTOBER 29.

Yeſterday morning M. Mello de Caſtro, envoy extraordinary from the court of Portugal, had a long conference with Mr. Secretary Conway, on the ſubject of diſpatches received by the laſt Liſbon packet.

This morning came advice of the arrival, off the Iſle of Wight, of the Montreal man of war, with the corpſe of his royal highneſs the duke of York on board.

Letters from Madrid bring an account of the death of Don Martin de Loyola, ſecretary to the council of diſpatches, in which employment and ſeveral others he had ſerved his Catholic majeſty for upwards of fifty years.

They write from Genoa, that the republic had actually made certain propoſals to the court of Turin for yielding up their entire property in the iſland of Corſica to his Sardinian majeſty.

Letters from Bath mention, that the earl of Chatham is quite recovered of his long and painful illneſs.

Private letters from Cadiz inform, that four men of war of the line, and ſeveral frigates and bomb-ketches, are now fitting out there, on board of which were to embark a large body of Spaniſh troops, deſtined for the river of Plate in South America.

A paper publiſhed at Warſaw, concerning the confederacy of the peaſants, ſets forth, "That they claim the ſame origin as the nobleſſe; that they do not pretend to rid themſelves of all ſervice, but require that the bondage which they groan under be aboliſhed, and their ſervice reſtrained to three days in the week; and that after the example of the order of peaſants in Sweden, they inſiſt on being admitted to the Dyet, and enjoying therein the ſame privileges, &c.

The Pope in his brief, addreſſed to the biſhops of Poland, adviſes, If mildneſs and gentleneſs produce no effect on the minds of thoſe who are blinded by ignorance and ſeduced by error, the having recourſe to cenſures, to menaces, and even to puniſhments.

They write from Leghorn, that general de Paoli had, with the advice of the ſtates, impoſed a tax on the inhabitants of Corſica, ſomewhat in the nature of the Britiſh tonnage and poundage, which was to continue in force only three years.

We are informed, that the late hon. gen. Pulteney died worth upwards of one million of money ſterling, in eſtates, cash, jewels, &c.

It is ſaid, that an additional duty will ſoon be laid on tobacco, pulveriſed, or made into ſnuff.

We are informed that an extraordinary board of admiralty, will be held next week.

OCTOBER 30.

Letters from Liſbon adviſe, that the court had given orders for 2000 ſeamen to be immediately raiſed for manning ſome ſhips of war.

A correſpondent ſays, the firſt object of the enſuing parliament's conſideration will be the exhorbitant price of corn for ſome time paſt, to which a price will be fixed from the quantity grown each year throughout the kingdom. This may it is thought, be aſcertained by the tythes collected in each pariſh; whereby each farmer's produce will be known, and he in future be obliged to give an account to whom, and at what markets, he has diſpoſed his grain: the conſequence of which will be, that hoarders and monopolizers will be eaſily traced, in order to be dealt with according to law.

It is talked, that a nobleman of the firſt diſtinction, to the court of Portugal, is ſoon expected in town from Liſbon, on affairs of importance.

We hear that lord Clive will be called up to the Engliſh houſe of peers before the next general election.

OCTOBER 31.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, October 27.

"Baron de Reiſchach, the imperial miniſter, received an expreſs yeſterday, with advice that the Archdutcheſs Maria-Joſe, ha, who was betrothed to the king of the Two Sicilies, died of the ſmall-pox, at the palace of Schonbrun, the 15th inſt. at ſeven in the evening."

We hear that the king of Pruſſia has finiſhed a very elegant poem entitled L'ELOGE DES CORSES, in which that monarch has celebrated the Corſican bravery with a fire, which would do honour to his own illuſtrious actions. It is ſaid that *Neaulme*, the bookſeller, at Berlin, has orders to publiſh this poem in the moſt ſplendid manner, with emblematical engravings by the firſt artiſts in Europe.

NOVEMBER 3.

We are aſſured from *Paris*, that the government with conſent of the king of Sardinia and the Canton of Bern, propoſes to build a city near the lake of Geneva, on a heath where is ſituated the village of Verſoy; and that they will admit there for citizens people from all countries, with full liberty to profeſs what religion they pleaſe. This city is to be a free port for promoting of commerce.

Letters from Mecklenburgh adviſe, that a plan was projected there, which would be of the greateſt advantage to that Dutchy, that is, by cutting a channel from the Nobel and Elbe, whereby a communication of the river Elbe with the Baltic, may be effected.

The ſmall-pox has proved very fatal to the houſe of Auſtria, the emperor having loſt two conſorts by that terrible diſeaſe, which has now ſnatched away his ſiſter, on the eve of her being queen of Naples.

NOVEMBER 5.

Laſt night, about ten o'clock, the remains of his late royal highneſs the duke of York were depoſited in the royal vault in king Henry the VIIIth's Chapel. At nine o'clock the minute guns began to be fired at the Tower, and continued till the ceremony was over. St. Paul's bell began at the ſame time to be tolled every minute; and the bells in moſt of the churches in London and Weſtminſter were tolled upon the occaſion.

At the funeral of his late royal highneſs the duke of York, on Tueſday night laſt, lord Boſton, lord Bruce, lord Bouverie, and lord Le Deſpencer, were pall-bearers. His grace the duke of Grafton, ſupported by the dukes of Northumberland and Montague, was chief mourner. And the following admirals were ſupporters of the canopy; Sir George Bridges Rodney, Sir Charles Saunders, Sir Charles Hardy, his grace the duke of Bolton, Sir Edward Hawke, Sir Samuel Cornish, Sir George Pococke, and Thomas Frankland, Eſq;

Queen's Palace, St. James's, Nov. 6. This day, about noon, the queen was happily delivered of a prince. Her royal highneſs the princeſs dowager of Wales, his grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, ſeveral lords of his majeſty's moſt hon. privy-council, and the ladies of her majeſty's bed-chamber, were preſent.

This great event was ſoon after made known by the firing of the tower guns. Her majeſty is, God be praiſed, as well as can be expected; and the young prince is in perfect health.

NOVEMBER 7.

Letters from Paris ſay, that the count de Chatelet is to be accompanied in his embaſſy to London by M. Batailbe de Frances, (gentleman in ordinary to the king) with whom that nobleman is united in the cloſeſt friendſhip, and who has acquired in his travels all the knowledge which may be uſeful in a charge of ſuch importance. 'Tis added, that the king will grant this gentleman an appointment of 12,000 livres, with the character of miniſter plenipotentiary, that he may perform the functions thereof in caſe of the abſence of the count de Chatelet.

A very bad diſtemper is broke out amongſt the horſes in moſt parts of the kingdom. It generally begins with a cough, lies greatly in the head, and goes off with a running at the noſe. Some it attacks ſo ſeverely, that they die with a lock'd jaw.

When it firſt makes its appearance, bleeding plentifully, and being kept warm, are of infinite ſervice.

Lord Townſhend, we are told, is already extremely popular in his government; and the ſeptennial bill, it is thought, will certainly paſs both houſes of the Iriſh parliament.

We hear that an extraordinary meſſenger was this morning diſpatched to Sir Andrew Mitchel, ambaſſador at the court of Berlin.

NOVEMBER 10.

From Paris we learn, that his excellency count du Chatelet, ambaſſador from his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty to the court of Great Britain, has been lately appointed colonel of the king's own regiment in the room of the late count Guerchy, whom he ſucceeds here as ambaſſador. We are credibly informed, that the colonel of this regiment is accountable to the king only for his conduct, a privilege peculiar to him; the colonels of all other regiments in his Majeſty's ſervice, being ſubject to their reſpective generals, marſhals, &c.

They write from Breſt, that the Etoile man of war had juſt ſailed with artillery and ſtores for the new French ſettlement at the Malouine iſlands, near the Streights of Magelain, having alſo on board the neceſſary implements for carrying on a whale fiſhery, and the frames of two ſloops, fit to be built on ſhore.

It is ſaid that the earl of Buckinghamſhire has reſigned his place, as lord of the bed-chamber to his majeſty.

We are aſſured that Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; will ſhortly be made joint-paymaſter in the room of lord North, and that he will be ſucceeded in the admiralty by commodore Hervey.

NOVEMBER 12.

We hear a certain noble perſonage at the Weſt end of the town has entered his libel in the commons preparatory for a divorce from his lady.

We hear that orders are given for a general ſurvey to be made of the navy, which, it is ſaid, will be laid before the next meeting of an auguſt aſſembly.

Yeſterday the right hon. the lord Mayer, Aldermen, recorder, common-council, &c. went in proceſſion from Guildhall to St. James's, and preſented an addreſs of congratulation to his Majeſty on the ſafe delivery of the queen and the birth of a prince, containing alſo expreſſions of condolence on the death of his late royal highneſs the duke of York. They were moſt graciouſly received, and had all the honour of kiſſing his majeſty's hand.

It is ſaid that the exportation of gunpowder and lead ſhot will ſoon be put under a greater reſtriction than they have been for ſome years paſt.

NOVEMBER 14.

We hear that the new-born prince is to be baptized to-morrow fortnight, in the great council-room at St. James's.

Private letters from Peterſburgh inform, that the court had given orders for all the Ruſſian garriſons on the frontiers of Turky to be reinforced with all expedition.

They write from Port L'Orient, that a violent earthquake had lately happened at Madagaſcar, which had rent whole promontories aſunder, and deſtroyed many of the inhabitants.

NOVEMBER 16.

Extract of a letter from John Wilkes, Eſq; to —— dated Paris.

"As ſome of my friends have expreſſed their doubts, whether I can be elected a member of parliament, I hope the following authentic quotation will clearly prove the affirmative."

'Thomas Fitzherbert was elected a burgeſs for 'Stafford in the 35th of Queen Elizabeth, and the 'commons, after great debate, expreſsly voted that 'a perſon *out-lawed might be elected.*" D'Ewe's journal of the houſe of commons, p. 518.

An eminent actreſs, we are told, is ſhortly to be married to a nobleman.

An eminent brewer at the weſt end of the town has loſt no leſs than 20 horſes within this month, of the preſent epidemical diſtemper, each of which coſt him near 30 l.

A ſtable keeper in Moorfields, poſſeſſed of above 100 horſes, has not at preſent ten well enough to let out.

They write from Quebec, that a ſpecies of Indians had lately been diſcovered many hundred leagues to the weſtward of the lakes, who were reported by travellers not to exceed four feet high.

CHARLES-TOWN.

AT the anniverſary meeting of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, held on Tueſday the 12th inſtant, the following officers were re-elected for the current year, viz.

His Excellency the Right Hon. Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, Governor in Chief, &c. of this province, PRESIDENT.

Henry Laurens, Eſq; VICE PRESIDENT,

Mr. *Robert Pringle*, TREASURER.

Mr. *James Fletcher*, of London, BOOKSELLER,

Mr. *William Carwithen*, LIBRARIAN,

Mr. *Thomas Evance*, STEWARD.

And Mr. *John Colcock*, was elected SECRETARY and CORRESPONDENT.

"At WINYAW RACES near *George Town*, on *Tueſday the 5th inſtant, the following horſes &c ſtarted, carrying weight for age, and came in as follows*, viz.

Thomas Lynch, Eſq's. roan horſe Havanna, ſix years old got by Brutus,	}	1 1
William Moultrie, Eſq's. grey filly, riſing four, got by Starling	}	2 2
Mr. Alſton's bay horſe Creſus, aged	}	*diſt.*
Daniel Horry Eſq's. cheſnut horſe Sprightly, bred in England, aged,		
Robert Weaver, Eſq's. bay colt bred in Virginia, riſing four,		

At ſtarting the bets were even money, Havana againſt the field, and ſome money was laid, Sprightly againſt the Filly.

And,

On Wedneſday the 6th inſtant, only two ſtarted for the colt's plate, viz.

Mr. William Alſton's colt, got by Cade, riſing five years old, (won bollow)	}	1 1
Thomas Lynch, Eſq's. bay colt Hotſpur, riſing four years old,	}	2 2

At ſtarting L. 1000 to L. 100 was offered, Hotſpur againſt the Cade colt; but as the odds were high, few bets were then made.

It is to be obſerved, in order that Hotſpur ſhould be mounted with a favourite rider, he was obliged to carry 14 lb. more than the weight mentioned in the articles; but as the Cade colt won the firſt heat ſo eaſy, the owner of Hotſpur thought it needful to get a proper weight to ride for the ſecond; ſuch an alteration in weight naturally changed the minds of ſome perſons, and even money was then betted; but the grandſon of the renowned old Cade maintained his ſuperiority, and won the ſecond heat alſo with eaſe, againſt Hotſpur, full brother to the invincible Noble, got by Brutus, ſon of Regulus, who was a ſon of the Godolphin Arabian.

We are informed that the Cade colt will run at New-Market at the races which will begin there on the firſt Tueſday in February next, and that great ſport is expected.

At STRAWBERRY RACES *on Tueſday the 19th inſt. the following riſing four years old, ſtarted and came in as follows, viz.*

Mr. James Ravenell's filly,		1
Capt. Harleſton's colt,	}	*diſt.*
Mr. John Harleſton's colt,		
Mr. Paul Mazyck's colt, Starling,		

And on Wedneſday 20th inſtant, the following three years old ſtarted and came in as follows, viz.

Daniel Horry, Eſq's filly, Cherry,	1 1
Mr. Frierſon's colt,	2 2
Mr. Daniel Ravenell, jun's. colt,	3 3
Mr. Daniel Ravenell's filly,	*diſt.*

A match is made between John Gibbes, Eſq's. horſe Centinel, bred by the duke of Ancaſter, and Morton Wilkinſon, Eſq's horſe Noble, bred by Thomas Lynch, Eſq; and mentioned above, to run at Newmarket the laſt Tueſday in March next, for one thouſand pounds, play or pay half forfeit, the beſt of three four-mile heats: Centinel to carry 10 ſtone, and Noble 9 ſtone."

New Advertiſements.

RUN away from my ſcooner, which he left near New-Cut, on Friday the 13th inſtant, an indented German ſervant man, named ANTHONY SNELL, well ſet, full faced, and freſh coloured, wore his own hair, and ſpeaks very good Engliſh; had on a red cloth robin and jacket, a brimſton coat with plate buttons, and a blue great coat over it, a pair of ſuſtian breeches, with blue negro cloth trowſers over them, and ſteel buckles in his ſhoes.——Whoever takes up and delivers the ſaid run-away to me, or into the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall have TEN POUNDS reward, beſides reaſonable charges.

JAMES ROULAIN.

One or Two lively BOYS, of good Capacities and Diſpoſition, will be taken

APPRENTICE

To the PRINTING Buſineſs,

If, after a Month's Trial, both Parties can agree.

Apply to the Printer of this Paper.

RAN away from one of the plantations of Richard Beresford, Eſq; about three months ſince, a very ſenſible young negro fellow, called Salisbury, well known in St. Thomas's pariſh: he is ſhort and well ſett, has loſt one of his fore-teeth, and had an iron clog on each leg at the time of going away. Any perſon delivering him to the warden of the work-houſe, in Charles-Town, or any of Mr. Beresford's overſeers, ſhall receive a reward of FIVE POUNDS currency from the ſubſcriber, who is in want of a quantity of SASSAFRAS ROOT, clear of the ſtumps of the trees, to be delivered in Charles-Town, or will take it at any landing upon a reaſonable allowance for the freight.

WILLIAM LOGAN.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT containing 1000 acres of land, in the pariſh of Chriſt-Church, ſituate on the north ſide of Great Ogeechee river, about 4 miles above the town of Hardwick, & about 15 miles by land from Savannah; it fronts on the river oppoſite to lands of James Mackay, Eſq; and Stirling's-Bluff upwards of two miles, and is the beſt kind of river ſwamp, neither ſubject to freſhes or ſalts, and lies between lands of the eſtate of William Butler, deceaſed, James Mackay and Francis Harris, Eſqrs.—FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in the pariſh of St. Philip's, ſituate on Stirling's ſwamp, about two miles from the river Great Ogechee, between lands of William Butler, Samuel Mew, and Sarah Sinckhair, bounded ſoutherly at the time of the ſurvey by vacant land: Four hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple ſwamp; the remainder good pine land.—One hundred and ſixty acres of land in the pariſh aforeſaid, on the river Great Ogechee, pleaſantly ſituated about a mile from the town of Hardwick, conſiſting freſh water marſh, oak and pine land: Alſo a lot No. 117, in ſaid town.—Three hundred and fifty acres of land, in the pariſh of St. Philip's, ſituated on Stirling's ſwamp, about a mile and an half from the river Great Ogechee, bounded ſoutherly and eaſterly by lands vacant at the time of the ſurvey, northerly by lands of—— Bailey, and weſterly by lands of Samuel Mew, Eſq. Two hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple ſwamp; the remainder good pine land. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above tracts, may treat with INGLIS & HALL.

Savannah Georgia, 20th Dec. 1766.

ALL perſons indebted to William Brown, late of Godfrey's Savannah, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe to whom he was indebted, are deſired to ſend in their accompts properly atteſted to the ſubſcriber,

MARTHA BROWN, *Adminiſtratrix.*

ALL perſons that are any ways indebted to Mr. WILLIAM ROBINSON, of Charles-Town, chair maker, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame on or before the 20th day of February next; otherwiſe they may expect to be ſued by

CHARLES MOTTE.

LONDON, *September 20, 1767.*

I Have appointed Meſſrs. CARNE & WILSON my Agents, for the ſale of my MEDICINES in CAROLINA; and all perſons may be ſupplied wholeſale and retail by them.

JOHN HILL.

A Liſt of Dr. Hill's Medicines ſold by Meſſrs. CARNE & WILSON.

1. PECTORAL BALSAM OF HONE For colds, coughs, and aſthmas. A common cold is often cured, and all the bad conſequences prevented that might have followed, by a ſingle doſe.—Theſe complaints are ſo common, that no family ſhould be without the medicine.

2. ESSENCE OF WATER-DOCK, For the certain cure of the ſcurvy, and all breakings out. It never once failed in many thouſand inſtances.

3. TINCTURE OF CENTUARY, A ſtomachic bitter, that gives a healthy appetite and ſound digeſtion. A certain cure for all weakneſſes and diſorders in the ſtomach.

4. ELIXIR OF BARDANA, For the gout and rheumatiſm. This re-eſtabliſhes the health after the fits of the gout, ſhortens ſuch as follow, and eaſes the pain. For the rheumatiſm it is a certain cure, and the diſeaſe never returns.

5. TINCTURE OF SAGE, To lengthen life, and keep off the decays of age; as trembling, deafneſs, and all other the weakneſſes of an advanced life.

6. TINCTURE OF VALERIAN, For diſorders of the nerves, low ſpirits, faintneſs, headachs, and all kinds of fits.

*** All theſe are pleaſant, innocent and effectious medicines, diſcovered by the author, in the courſe of his ſtudy of plants, and ſo ſafe, that infants may take any of them in a proper doſe.*

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Jan.	Arrivals at Charles-Town.	From
20th.	Sloop Batchelor, Wm. Connor,	Georgia
21ſt.	Ship Flora, Francis Kelly,	St. Kitts
	Scooner Mary, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
22d	Scooner Grant, Robert Scott,	London
23d.	Ship Conſtant-Friend, Tho. Alcock,	London
	Ship Baltic Merch. Wm. Clarkſon,	Briſtol
	Brigt. Adventure, John Bayley,	London
24th.	Brigt. Carolina, Hugh Stephenſon,	London
	Brigt. Peggy, Jeremiah Blatt,	Honduras
25th.	Sloop Anne, Robt. Harris,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Suky & Nancy, Jos. Dickinſon,	Bermuda

A SALE by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On Thurſday the eighteenth day of February next, will be ſold at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town,

A PLANTATION or tract of land, containing two hundred acres, ſituate in St. Helena pariſh, Granville County, on Turkey Hill, bounded Northward by John Chiſholm's land, eaſtward all other ſides by vacant land, Late the property of William Brown, and ſold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *Provoſt Marſhal.*

Jan.	Sailed	For
20th.	Brigt. Betsey, Basil Maxwell,	Bristol
	Sloop Success, John Williams,	Dominica
21st.	Ship Canada, Peter M'Cleod,	Cowes
	Brigt. Providence, Robert Linthorne,	Poole
	Scooner Anne, Darrel Harvey,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Mary-Ann, Rich. Minors,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Betsey, Solomon Gibbs,	St. Kitts
23d	Scooner Wm. & Sarah, W. Brown,	Providence
	Sloop Duke of Lancaster, D. Lamo,	St. Kitts
24th.	Brigt. Tyrrel, Thomas Arwin,	Antigua

Remain windbound or cleared.	For
Ship Sufannah, Charles Davaullis,	Oporto
Ship Anne, George Forten,	Briſtol
Ship Magdalen, Robert Beattie,	Dunbar
Shi, Beaufan, Daniel Curling,	London
Snip Liberty, John Laffey,	Briſtol
Ship Vine, George Chiman,	Portſmouth
Ship St. George, Collin McAlpine,	Oporto
Brigt Jenny, William Hunter,	Lisbon
Snow Warburn, Joſeph Olive,	Vigo
Scoo. Bro'ton Iſland, P Bishop,	St. Auguſtine
Scooner Polly, Rich Churchill,	Georgia
Scoon. E Florida Pt. & Barton,	St. Auguſtine
Scoona Grant, Robert Scott,	St. Auguſtine
Sloop Relief, William Williams,	Guadaloupe

Waiting (to be loaded) this week.	For
Ship Anne, William Ward,	Oporto
Ship Eſſex, George Barwick,	Goſport
Ship Eſcape, John Scott,	Lisbon
Ship Minerva, John Spurrier,	Goſport
Ship Ajax, James White,	Barcelona
Snow Anne, John Bowes,	Barbados
Brigt. Antigua, Joſeph Forbes,	St. Euſtatius
Brigt. Bolton, William Taylor,	Anguilla
Brigt. Liberty, Hugh Smellie,	Lisbon
Brigt. Tortola Packet, Tho Norris,	Barbados
Brigt. Kath. & Eliz. Peter Galatian,	Cowes
Scooner Mary, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
Scooner William, David Brace,	Boſton
Sloop Eſther & Anne, John Burch,	Antigua
Sloop John, Tho. Cunningham,	St. Croix

Entered out, beſides the above.	For
Ship Baltic March, Wm. Clarkſon,	Cowes
Ship Carolina Packet, Wm. White,	London
Ship Pearl, Walter Buchanan,	Lisbon
Ship Brotherly-Love, Eliſha Bell,	Grenada
Ship Q. Charlotte, John Chamberling,	London
Ship Roſe-Iſland, Rich. Brewer,	Cowes
Ship Rialto, Morgan Griffiths,	London
Ship James, John Trenham,	Cowes
Snow Sally Edward Spain,	Cowes
Snow James & Mary, John Moore,	Cowes
Brigt. Hawke, George Beſt,	Lisbon
Brigt. Chicheſter, William Reed,	Cowes
Brigt. Chriſtian, Robt. Gammel,	Oporto
Brigt. Jenny, John Neilſon,	Antigua
Brigt. Flora, William Manſon,	Whitby
Brigt. Jenny, Timothy Harriſon,	Barcelona

Veſſels not entered out.
Ship Matty, William Dunlop,
Ship E. of Donegal, Duncan Fergufon,
Ship Achilles, John Walker,
Ship Middleton, Henry Clark,
Ship Avon, Alexander Urquhart,
Ship Admiral Hawke, John McCaddon,
Ship M. of Granby, Nathan Hammond,
Ship Fame, Peter Creighton,
Ship Sampſon, Miles Cloter,
Ship Neptune, Joſeph Shank, *(Put back)*
Snow Polly, Thomas Hele Gift,
Snow Betty, Angus McLarty,
Brigt. Jenny, Robert Eſon,
Brigt. Pallad Packet, James Taylor,
Brigt. Ranger, William Pickles,
Brigt. Eagle, Robert Harriſon,
Brigt. Mercury, John Hollowell,
Brigt. Philadelphia Packet, John Harriſon,
Brigt. Fanny, John Peck,
Scooner Endeavour, Veſpaſian Miller,
Scooner Alegonda, Benj. Wormell,
Scooner Pedee, Thomas Parkſon,
Scooner Chance, Alex Wiley,
Scooner Benjamin, Thomas Tucker,
Scooner Mary-Anne, Phil. Hughes,
Sloop Charles-Town,
Sloop Sparrow, Henry Rogers,
Sloop Succeſs, Samuel McAlpine,
Sloop Rockingham, John Mercie,
Sloop Mary, Benjamin Hutchins,
Sloop Union, Noah Scovell
Sloop Induſtry, Downing Wilkinſon,

Arrival from this Port.	At
Sloop Ranger, Horace Wood,	St. Chriſtopher

Charles-Town PRICE-CURRENT,
Of South-Carolina PRODUCE.

By the Hundred Weight.	
RICE,	50 s. 0
Turpentine,	16s. 6
Rozin,	*none*
Flour,	4 l. 5 to 5 l. 10
Ship Bread,	5 l.
Hemp, *(beſides bounty)*	7 l.
Saſſafras,	15 s.
By the Barrel.	
Pitch,	50 s.
Tar, Common,	40 s.
Tar, Green,	70 s.
Pork,	21 ſh.
Beef,	7 l.
By the Pound.	
Deer-Skins,	14 d.
Ditto in the Hair,	7 d. 6 d
Beaver Skins,	20 s.
Indico: Flora,	mer.
Indico: Beſt Purple,	21 s.
Indico: Dit. Copper,	21 s.
Indico: 2d Sort,	12 to 17
Indico: 3d Sort,	5 to 10
Pink & Snake Rt.	3 s. 9
Myrtle Wax,	5 s.
Bees Wax,	6 s.
Tann'd Leath.	3 s. 6 to 5
Butter,	3 s. 6
Hogs Lard,	3 s.
Tallow,	2 s. 9 to 3
Single ref. Su.	5 s.
By the Buſhel.	
Indian Corn,	10 s.
Indico Seed,	no demand.
Black-Ey'd Peaſe,	15 s.
Red Peaſe,	10 s.
Potatoes,	10 s.
Ground Nuts,	20 s.
Ruff Rice,	12 s. 6
Oats,	10 s.
Lime,	2 s.
By the Thouſand Weight.	
Corn Blades,	10 l.
Hay,	7 l.

By the Box.	
Soap,	2 to 4 s. lb.
Dipt Tal Candles,	4 s 6
Mould ditto,	5 s.
Myrtle Wax ditto,	6 s.
By the Thouſand.	
Shingles,	5 l.
Bricks,	6 l.
Staves: W. Oak Pipe	40 l. 50
Staves: Ditto hhd.	25 to 30 l.
Staves: Ditto Barrel,	none
Staves: Red Oak hhd.	18 l.
By the Hundred Feet.	
Pine: Inch Boards,	30 s.
Pine: Inch, —	35 s.
Pine: Inch,	40 s.
Pine: Feathered,	35 s.
Pine: Inch and ½,	75 s.
Pine: Inch & an ½,	75 s.
Pine: Inch & ½,	80 s.
Pine: 2 Inch 4 l. to	5 l. 10
Scant. & Timb.	3 to 6 l.
Shingling Laths,	50 s.
Cypreſs: Inch, —	65 s.
Cypreſs: Inch, —	50 s.
Cypreſs: Inch, —	55 s.
Cypreſs: Inch & ½ —	60 s.
Cypreſs: Inch & ½, —	65 s.
Cypreſs: Inch & ½ —	80 s.
Cypreſs: 2 Inch,	5 l.
Scantling & Timber,	4 l. to 8 l.
By the Barrel.	
Double Beer,	none
Table ditto,	none
Small ditto,	none
By the Hundred.	
Plaiſt Laths,	40 s. p. M.
Reeds,	15 to 20 s.
By the Hogſhead.	
Rum,	10 l.
By the Cord.	
Red Oak Bark,	10 l.

Advertiſements.

EDWARD LEGGE

Takes this public method of giving Notice,

To all whom it may concern,

THAT he is come to a DETERMINED RESOLUTION, not to give credit to any perſon or perſons whoſoever that ſhall hereafter have occaſion to paſs or re-paſs his ferry, *except to ſuch as ſhall enter into a written agreement for that purpoſe by the year, and will be punctual in making* QUARTERLY *payments*; ten years experience, in making bad debts, and the trouble of collecting the reſt, having taught him, that it is not worth any man's while to keep books for ſuch trifling ſums.

And, tho' very little notice has been taken of his former advertiſements, of nearly the ſame nature, for two years paſt, he hopes a *due regard* will be paid to THIS, that he may not be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of retarding any one on his journey, which he will certainly do (without diſtinction of perſons) with all who come unprovided with money to pay as they go.

The neceſſity of paying his own debts having obliged him to come to this reſolution, and he having given ſufficient previous notice thereof in all the gazettes, no gentleman can take amiſs his ſtrict adherence thereto.

At the ſame time, he entreats the favour of all perſons indebted to him, to diſcharge the ſame forthwith.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU,

Has to diſpoſe of on very reaſonable terms, at his Store in Tradd ſtreet, oppoſite to William Burrows, Eſq;

CHOICE Madera wine, by the dozen or a few dozen of excellent old Malmſey, upwards of three years old. A few boxes of citron, of 14 lb. and 28 lb. in each, freſh Hopkins's milk and water bread, &c. t. f.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR;

HAS juſt imported in the AMERICA, Captain RAINIER, from LONDON;

A Freſh aſſortment of the beſt ſuper fine London-dreſs'd BROAD-CLOTHS, *alſo all uſeful materials for his buſineſs; likewiſe ſcarlet, crimſon, and black ſuper fine plush; the very beſt of ſilk and worſted breeches pieces of all colours; gold and ſilver trimmings bought upon the beſt terms by as good a judge as any in England, which enables him to ſell much lower than the common advance.—— All Gentlemen may therefore ſave themſelves a great deal of trouble, and prevent having ſo many different bills for their cloaths, as he can ſupply them with the cloth as well as with the materials, and have their cloaths made near as cheap as can be ſent from England, ſince he in future fixes the price of a ſuit of cloaths, with all ſuitable trimmings, from* FORTY FIVE *to* FIFTY POUNDS *currency a ſuit.—— He likewiſe cleans GOLD and SILVER LACE.*

ALL perſons who have demands on the eſtate of George Marſhal, deceaſed, are deſired to give them in properly atteſted, and thoſe indebted to the eſtate are requeſted to make payment.

WIL. GLEN,
ALEX. PETRIE,
ROB. BRISBANE. } *Executors.*

6.m.

TO BE SOLD, *at private ſale,*

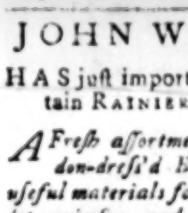
The following tracts of land,

A TRACT containing 950 acres, on the weſt ſide of Saltcatcher river, butting (when granted) on lands of Mr. John Jackſon's.

A tract containing 1550, on the Forks of Ediſto, and a tract containing 500 acres, on Black creek butting and bounding to the ſouth weſt on lands belonging to the eſtate of Mr. Joſeph Wragg. Any one inclined to purchaſe, may apply to Luke Stoutenburgh in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber at Goſe-Creek. JOHN MACKENZIE.

TO BE SOLD,

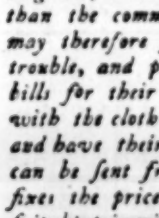
For *One, Two,* or *Three* years credit, giving ſecurity if required:



A valuable tract of land in Craven county, within 12 miles of the King's Tree, containing 1492 acres, and joining lands of Mr. Huggins to the ſouth-eaſt, of Mr. Field on the weſt, and on all other ſides, when run out, on vacant land. Enquire of the printer.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered the firſt of November,



THE front STORE in *Bread Street*, with very commodious BACK STORES and CELLAR, ſituate between Meſſrs. *Thomas & Roger Smith* and Mr. *Thomas Walter's*, and lately occupied by Mr. *James Mc-all*. Enquire of

[t. f.] ISAAC MOTTE.

ANNE IMER,

Widow of the Rev. Mr. ABRAM IMER,

BEGS leave to inform the public, that ſhe has taken a houſe near Capt. William Moultrie's, where ſhe has room for a few lodgers, who may be accommodated with breakfaſt,

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MR. PRINTER;

ON reading an advertiſement in your Gazette of the 26th of November laſt, I muſt crave the liberty of the preſs, to take ſome notice of what was then and there inſerted.—It ſet forth, that a "maſter was wanted for the free-ſchool at *Berreſford's Bounty*, in the pariſh of St. Thomas; that "ſuch maſter muſt be perſonally known to the veſtry of ſaid pariſh, or bring *proper teſtimonials of his former good behaviour, ſobriety and diligence.*"—It appears very ſtrange, that after my ſerving the ſaid veſtry 5 years and upwards, that this former well-behav'd, diligent, ſober man ſhould now be wanted, while I ſtill continue in the ſervice of thoſe gentlemen—ſurely ſomething muſt be the matter, (what? they beſt know themſelves,) it has a kind of an alluſion to a line of a good old ſong, with a very ancient chorus to it. "*'Tis this and that, and "they cannot tell what;*" tho' at preſent I am not in a ſinging humour, becauſe it has a meaning of tendancy, that my actions muſt have been quite the reverſe.—I am thankful to thoſe worthy gentlemen in Charles-Town (12 or 14 in number) who in October 1762, recommended the ſubſcriber, and which he thought almoſt equal to a teſtimonial; and I hope thoſe gentlemen will ſuſpend any ill opinion of me until I relate further.—In the mean time, if the veſtry (gentleman of fortune) will but condeſcend to ſubſcribe their names, certifying my negligence, ill behaviour, or intemperance, at any one particular time or place, ſince I commenced maſter of this bountiful, profitable free ſchool (ſo intended) I will then plead guilty, and pay the printer for his trouble; but can it be ſuppoſ'd, thoſe gentlemen would (conſiſtent with their corporation oath, as "faithful veſtry men) indulge thoſe failings to this preſent time, having continued me in their ſervice both before, and ever ſince the following words in the Gazettes, wrote by the perſon himſelf for that purpoſe, and reſpectively ſigned with their own hands. JOHN THOMAS.

At a viſitation of the free ſchool, founded by Richard Berreſford, Eſq; deceaſed, in the pariſh of St. Thomas, Berkley County, held the 26th day of July 1763, by the incorporated veſtry of the ſaid pariſh, as truſtees for ſaid ſchool.

AFTER a ſtrict examination of the children on this foundation, in the ſeveral branches of reading, writing and arithmetic, &c. and a particular ſurvey of their cloaths and entertainment; it was unanimouſly agreed, by the ſaid board, that Mr. John Thomas, the preſent maſter of the ſaid ſchool, had given them intire ſatisfaction, both as to his care and education of the ſaid children, during the time they have employed him, and that it was their opinion he deſerved encouragement; and therefore thought it juſt to give him this public teſtimony of their approbation of his conduct, as maſter of the ſaid ſchool.

JAMES MARION, ALEX. GARDEN,
ANDREW HASELL, DAN. LESESNE,
NATHAN TART, BENJ. SIMONS,
JOHN MOORE, BENJ. MARION.

(Copy from the original)

A FEW HOGSHEADS OF CHOICE JAMAICA RUM, *JUST IMPORTED.*

AN aſſortment of the beſt London cordage, and a few Bolts of beſt Bridport canvas, to be ſold cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by WILLIAM HINCKLEY.

RUN away from Jacob Meaders, at the Saltketchers in June laſt, two negroes, named Sampſon and Miley: Sampſon is about ſix feet high, loſt two of his fore teeth, walks very upright, and is about thirty years of age: Miley is a ſlender made wench, of a yellow complexion, with her country marks on her face, loſt two of her teeth likewiſe: She was with child when ſhe went away. Five pounds reward will be given, and all charges paid, on delivery of either of the above negroes to me at Mr. Benjamin Fuller's plantation, at the Horſe ſhoe.

ALEXANDER KERR.

RUN away from my plantation, on Aſhley river, in July 1766, an elderly negro fellow, named Jemmy, about five feet four inches high, has the mark of a cut in his throat; late property of Mrs. Abigail Townſend, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured ſomewhere about Wadmelaw or Winyaw, being an artful cunning fellow, and well acquainted about the country. Whoever delivers him to the warden of the work-houſe, or the ſubſcriber in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a reward of five pounds, or whoever brings his head, ſhall receive a reward of ten pounds from WILLIAM ROPER.

Who is in want of a ſingle man to manage a few hands on ſaid plantation, about ten miles from town.

Charles Town, January 1, 1768.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intituled, "an act to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE "of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies to be at *ſix pounds* and *five ſhillings per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds* and *five ſhillings* (being both uſed by the bakers); at which prices the HALF-CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of CAROLINA Flour,	lb. oz. dwt
White	2 8 0
Wheaten	3 12 0
Houſhold	5 0 0

Of *Northward* Flour.	lb. oz. dwt
White	2 12 0
Wheaten	2 10 0
Houſhold	3 8 0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

BENJ. SIMONS, Com. Gen.

MANSEL, CORBETT, & Co.

Have imported, in the Planters Adventure, *Capt.* Miles Lowley, *from* LONDON,

A FINE young dark cheſnut GELDING, four years old, and able to carry ſixteen ſtone fox-hunting.

THE CO PARTNERSHIP of RUTLEDGE & LESESNE being diſſolved, and there being a neceſſity for cloſing their concerns by the firſt of April next, they requeſt that all perſons indebted to them will ſettle by that time.

THE ſubſcriber gives this PUBLIC NOTICE, to all perſons indebted to BLAKE and FRENCH, painters in Charles-Town, that he has an aſſignment of ſaid Blake and French's books; he therefore requeſts immediate payment to be made to him, as no other perſon can give a legal diſcharge. DAVID STODDARD.

Now ſelling off, at NINE for ONE, and and credit to the firſt of December 1768.

By NOWELL & LORD,

A WELL aſſorted ſtock of GOODS, conſiſting of moſt articles imported into this province, viz. ſail cloth, cordage, and other ſhip chandlery, Iriſh linens, gulix and Scots Hollands, Iriſh and Oſnabrigs ſheeting, ſetts of damaſk table linen, printed callicoes, cottons, and linens of the neweſt patterns, Scot's threads, a choice aſſortment of cutlery, pewter, nails, broad cloth, loaf ſugar, hyſon tea, mens beaver hats, womens furr'd hats, leather caps, chair harneſſes, a few kegs of water and milk biſcuit and beſt double Philadelphia beer, with many other articles too tedious to enumerate.—They have likewiſe ſome ſmall conſignments of ſtrouds, blue and white earthen ware in crates, Iriſh linen, cambric, watch glaſſes, and a few well choſen books, which they will ſell remarkably low.

WANTS an overſeer's place a man who is capable to manage a plantation, ditching, ſawing, building, &c. Any perſon willing to employ him may hear of him by applying to the printer hereof.

Taken up on the North Bar, 1ſt January, 1768.

A CYPRESS CANOW,

TWENTY-FOUR feet long, four feet and an half wide, well timbered, with a gunwhale like a ſcooner's, above which ſhe has been painted yellow; her bottom has been payed with turpentine, and ſhe has a large ring-bolt in her bow, with a piece of a chain to it. Alſo,

A SHIP's BOAT,

About 18 feet long, and five feet and an half wide, her bottom payed with pitch, and is much weather-beaten.

The owners making proof of their property, and paying charges, may have them again, applying to Iſaac Mazyck, Eſq; in Charles-Town.

Stopt from a negro boy, on Tueſday the 12th of January, 1768.

A TEN POUNDS BILL.

THE perſon having a juſt right to ſaid bill, and making proper proof thereof, may have it again, applying to the printer hereof.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & Co.

Have imported in the ſhip Planters Adventure, Miles Lowley maſter, from London,

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of at a very low advance, at their ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet: among which are the following articles,

SUPER FINE faſhionable broad cloths with ſuitable trimmings, good Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe, Kenton's beſt porter in barrels, potatoes, ſplit peaſe, Italian London-made riding chairs and chaiſes, green Windſor chairs, raiſins in and out of the jar, currants, almonds in and out of the ſhell, faſhionable ſilks and ſtuffs for ladies gowns, ſilk petticoats, Japan'd tea tables, tea cheſts, waiters and bread baſkets, very cheap ſtuffs for negro wenches gowns, guns with bayonets and ſlings compleat at £. 24 each, or cheaper taking a quantity, marble ſlabs with brackets, Port wine in bottles, Wilton Carpets, womens ſtraw hats and bonnets, an elegant glaſs pyramid, ſmoak jacks, and corn mills.

Alſo, A quantity of ſtone brimſtone and minnas, to be ſold very cheap, and extraordinary fine CLARET at £. 12 per dozen. t. f.

THOSE who are indebted to us having already had as much indulgence as they can in reaſon require; we do now EARNESTLY intreat, they will diſcharge their ſeveral obligations as ſoon as poſſible: And if they would avoid the diſagreeable conſequences that will certainly follow a diſregard of this requeſt, let them not poſtpone it beyond the 1ſt day of February next. BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN.

To be Sold,

The following lands, being part of the eſtate of Mr. JOSEPH DE ST. JULIAN. *Inquire of* David Gaynard, *or* William Bampfield, *in whoſe hands the plats may be ſeen.*

A Lot of land on the north-ſide of Broad-ſtreet, between the houſes where the lieutenant governor and Mr. Thomas Adam now live, containing in front fifty feet, and about ninety in depth.

Several tracts adjoining each other, making in the whole 775 acres, old meaſure, ſituate in St. John's pariſh, Berkley County, near Capt. William Moultrie,

Five hundred acres old meaſure, on Santee River, adjoining lands of Mr. Iſaac Mazyck and James de St. Julian, at the time of the ſurvey.

Five hundred acres old meaſure, on Little Pedee River, granted to James Crokatt, (or adjoining lands of Mr. Perry,) at the time of the ſurvey.

PAUL TOWNSEND,

Has just imported in the Beaufain, Daniel Curling, master, from London,

A FRESH assortment of goods, proper for the present and approaching season: which, with wine, rum, sugar, salt, bar iron, &c. he will sell at his store in Broad-street, on the most reasonable terms.

LIND & CHOVIN,

RETURN thanks to their friends and customers for their past favours, and beg leave to inform them and the public, that they continue to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS (on Mr. Burn's wharf) in all its branches, on the usual commissions; and that they have now provided themselves with eight good schooners, which will be kept constantly in readiness for their friends orders, which will be punctually complied with in town.

N. B. Said wharf will be kept clear for coasters to unload, and constant attendance given; but all bricks (after the first of November ensuing) that shall lay more than one week on said wharf, after landing, shall pay for every week after, as much per week as the charge of landing.

PETER JOLIFF, jun. of POOLE,

BEGS leave to inform the merchants, and all other gentlemen of this Province, that he has built large and commodious warehouses for the reception and shifting rice cargoes, for the markets, which he does on the same terms as at Cowes, or Gosport; and such gentlemen as favour him with their business will not only find the quickest dispatch, but due attention paid to their interest; and as he has room enough in his warehouses for shifting rice, rainy weather will be no hindrance to the dispatch.

October 20, 1767.

One hundred Pounds Reward,

RUN away (in July last) from my cow pen, on Savannah river, a short well sett fellow, upon the yellow or mustee order, a little bow legg'd and round shoulder'd, is very sensible, and has a remarkable scar over one of his eyes, and was seen last week near George Galphin's, Esq; on Savannah river, in company with Timothy Tyrrell, George Black, John Anderson, Anthony Dillow, Edward Wells, and others, all horse thieves, who were then going for Nelson's river to steal horses, as appears from the evidence of one of their accomplices now in custody. The above reward will be given for the apprehending and delivering said fellow to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town: and a further reward of fifty pounds, to be paid upon conviction of the felons who stole the following horses a fortnight ago from the above cow pen, and it's believed to be by the above robbers. One large Chickesaw bay gelding, fifteen hands high, slim, a small switch tail, branded X or W a, and some other brand, and purchased of one Robinson, who keeps a cowpen on the runs near Savannah town.—Also a bay gelding upon fourteen hands high, white face, with a remarkable bay spot in the forehead, encompassed by the white, and has all the under part of his belly and flanks white, branded W a, with perhaps the X. A small white gelding branded W a or X, with some other brand unknown, and has been burnt for a fistula; also a dun gelding, black mane and tail, branded W a, and appears to be of the pacing breed. FIVE POUNDS for each of the above horses will be paid upon their being delivered to Hardy Dolcatch, or Jacob Kitter, on Savannah River, or the subscriber in Charles-Town.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

Waring & Shepheard

Have imported in Capt. Curling, from London, and the Carolina Baker and Lasley, from Bristol,

A Small assortment of broad cloths with trimmings, broad and narrow gold lace, &c. yard wide Irish linens, three fourth and seven eighth checks, stripes, garlix and huckaback, silk and worsted stuffs for winter wear, white and printed callicoes and chints, red and white and blue and white copper plate cottons for beds, Indian Persians, a variety of ladies gloves and mitts, green velvet masks, black feathers, hair powder and starch, Oronoque tobacco, china, mahogany chairs, breeding cages, neat steel fire grates, with brass ornaments, fire dogs, cheese, beer, cyder, nails of all kinds, wine & syllabub glasses, oakum, iron pots of all sizes, &c. paints of all sorts, linseed oil, and earthen ware; which, with sundry other articles, and those before on hand, they will sell very reasonable, at their store on the Bay, the south corner of the guard house.

JUST IMPORTED,
from LONDON,

AN assortment of CORDAGE, from 2 rattlins to an eleven inch cable, grapnals and anchors from 60 wt. to 1600 wt. sail cloth of all numbers, 5 d. 6 d. 7 d. and 8 d. nails, to be sold much under the common advance per piece or larger quantity, for cash, or on short credit, by

ROBERT SMYTH.

Who hath on hand for sale, about 100 hogsheads and Porter barrels of fine OLD JAMAICA RUM, West India clyed, and muscovado sugar, pipes of MADERA particular wine, warranted of the first quality, Vidonia, Mountain, Rhenish and all other wines. t. f.

TO BE LET,

TWO convenient two story new tenements, in Ansonborough, belonging to the South-Carolina Society.

Samuel Prioleau.

A Healthy white woman, with a good breast of milk, would be glad to take a child as a wet-nurse. Enquire of the printer.

TO BE SOLD, *at public Vendue,*

On Tuesday the 16th day of February next, at the house of Mr. Adam Colliatt, in Jacksonborough, Pompon.

FIFTY likely valuable NEGROES, most of which were born in this country, among whom are two very good coopers, an exceeding good house-carpenter, a tanner, a shoemaker, several pair of sawyers, a fellow that understands making of Indigo, a very good cook, a wench that has been used to tend sick negroes, raising of poultry, &c. several washer women and ironers, and seamstresses, some handy waiting boys and girls, &c.

Also the following tracts of land, viz.

A tract of land, situate on the Wateree River, containing one thousand acres, bounded to the south west by said river, to the south east by land of Col. Henry Hyrne, and to the north west by land of Benjamin Elliott, Esq; the whole being river swamp, is esteemed to be as valuable land as any in this province.

A tract of 148 acres of land, situate in Prince William's parish, Granville county, butting and bounding to the Northward on land belonging to Stephen Bull, jun. Esq; to the westward and southward on lands of Alexander Fraser, Esq; and to the Eastward on a branch of Coosaw river.

A tract containing 578 acres of land, upon Island creek, in St. Bartholomew's parish, Colleton-County, bounded by lands of Captain John North and Christopher Peters, and accounted the best land thereabout.

A tract containing 390 acres, whereof 270 acres are fine Tupelo swamp, situate upon the great swamp up Ashepoo river, in St. Bartholomew's parish, bounded by lands of Messrs. William Webb and Joseph Miles, and by Edward Fenwicke's, Esq; plantation, Fontaine bleau.

One moiety or half of 3000 acres of land, in St. Bartholomew's parish, upon the great swamp up Ashepoo river, lately the property of James St. John deceased, esteemed very valuable land.

Three tracts of land, situate in Craven county, on the south side of Black river, lately the property of James St. John, deceased, and said to be very fine lands.

Six tracts of exceeding fine land, situate upon the Congaree and Broad rivers, formerly the property of John Pearson, Esq; deputy surveyor

One town lot on the bay of the town of Purrysburgh, containing one acre of land, known by the number 53 in the grand model of the said town.

A tract containing 300 acres of land, situate in Craven county, on the waters of Santee river, the whole very valuable swamp land.

A very valuable plantation or tract of land, situate upon the head of Cooper river, in St. John's parish, Berkley county, formerly the property of capt. John Ward, deceased, containing about 700 acres, 200 of which are very fine tupelo swamp, and the remainder as fine oak and hickory land as any in the province; about 150 acres of the swamp and 200 acres of the high lands are ready cleared; upon said plantation is a very good two story dwelling house, 40 feet by 22, built entirely of cypress, with a large barn and other out-buildings.

At the same time and place will be sold, a few milch cows and calves, and the fine Spanish Horse DON VALESCO, accounted the handsomest horse ever brought into this province, with three mares now with foal by the said horse.

Twelve months credit will be given for the above slaves, lands, &c. paying interest, with approved security. The property not to be altered till the conditions are complied with.

JOHN WARD.

For PORTUGAL, or COWES, and a MARKET,

The ship MINERVA, BURTHEN about 300 barrels of rice,

JOHN SPURRIER, Master.

Any person wanting to freight said ship, may enquire of him at Col. Beale's wharf.

Charles-Town, January 6, 1768.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Messrs. THOMAS LISTON and WILLIAM HOPE, of *Charles-Town*, merchants, have assigned all their debts and effects to the subscribers, in trust, for paying, out of the money to arise therefrom, such of the creditors of MIDDLETON, LISTON & HOPE, and of the said THOMAS LISTON & WILLIAM HOPE, as shall, within twelve months from this day, consent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the said money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releases of their said demands, as against the said THOMAS & WILLIAM their other creditors are excluded from any share of the said money: Therefore those who are willing to accept dividends, upon the terms above-mentioned, are desired to signify such consent, and transmit their accompts duly attested, within the time above limited; and all persons indebted to them are requested forthwith to settle with, and pay their said respective debts to one or other of us.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN CHAPMAN,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
WILLIAM PRICE,
JOHN RUTLEDGE.

For LONDON,
(To sail with all expedition)
THE SHIP
MIDDLETON,
(Late the UDNEY)
HENRY CLARK master,

HAS part of her cargo engaged. For freight of the remainder, or passage, having good accommodations, apply to said master, or

HENRY MIDDLETON.

DANCING.

PIKE's DANCING SCHOOL, in Church-Street, opposite to the house of John Izard, Esq; will be opened for the tuition of young ladies and gentlemen, on Thursday the fourteenth instant January, to begin at nine o' clock in the morning, and continue every Thursday and Saturday during the season.

The evening school for private scholars is continued as usual every night, from six o' clock to nine.

He teaches the use of the small sword at the same place every morning from five o' clock to nine.

For Sale,

A Compleat assortment of fresh GOODS, now in the store lately occupied by WILLIAM JOOR of Bacon Bridge, near Dorchester. Any person having an inclination to open a country store, cannot do it in a better part of the country, or on easier terms, than may be had by applying to *Mr.* Miles Brewton, in Charles-Town, or in Dorchester, to

JOHN JOOR.

N. B. The stores are to be sold on very reasonable terms.—All persons to whom the said William Joor was indebted, are desired to give in their demands attested; and those indebted to that estate are requested to discharge their respective debts by the 25th of March next, to JOHN JOOR.

No other notice will be given.

SOUTH-CAROLINA,

THE following persons are desired to call at the treasurer's office, for payment of money provided for them by the General Assembly.

Philip Howarth	James Conyers
John Caldwell	Nicholas Cole
Alexander M'Gee	William Davis
Joseph Whiteman	Charles Cussens
Samuel Davis	Samuel Prigge
George Rought	Edward Hiscock
Samuel Davis	Charles Gray
Mofes Sinclair	Thomas Brown
Catharine Cattell	Richard Tillwell
David Brunson	Samuel Davis
Edward Hinton	Jean Melvin
Christopher M'Dowal	John Kelfal
Drury Dunn	Francis Sample
James Dyer	John Marsh
Catharine Stedman	Abraham Carradice
James Means	William Scott
Jacob Votery	Estate of George Starratt
Barbara Lavef	Thomas King
Charles Peremiah	Samuel Jeans
Richard Jeals	Stephen Guerry
Charles Simmons	Nathaniel Breedloves
Alex. & James M'Gren,	Nathan Miller
James Donnom	John Wagner
John Glover	Jacob Bowers
James Ladson	James Moore
John Norman	Thomas Reid
Richard Waring	Nicholas Hickley
Robert Wood	

EXCEEDING fine bohea Tea just imported, at to be sold at 27 s 6 d. per pound, by WILLIAM HULME, at the south corner of Elliott street, on the Bay.

N. B. Fine English potatoes.

ABOUT thirty-five thousand feet of choice Honduras Mahogony, just arrived, to be sold cheap for cash, or very short credit.

ALSO:

THE schooner Endeavour, almost new, fit for a coaster in every respect, burthen about one hundred and thirty barrels of rice, for CASH only, by

David Stoddard, & Co.

Jan. 8, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN OXENDINE, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the provost marshal, upon *mesne process*, at the suit of *John Gotlieb Baltz*, having petitioned the honourable the justices of his Majesty's court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors. *It is ordered*, that the said *John Gotlieb Baltz*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is any ways indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have notice to appear of the usual place of judicature, at the first sitting of the court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, *C. C. P.*

Pleas Office,
Nov. 4, 1767.

The SUBSCRIBERS,

Having entered into Co-partnership, to sell the

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

AND TO CARRY ON

The Factorage Business,

Upon the usual commissions:

BEG leave to solicit their COUNTRY FRIENDS favours; and to assure them, that they will always give such strict attention to the interest of their employers, as they flatter themselves may give general satisfaction, and merit future encouragement.

ANDREW BROUGHTON,
DANIEL DONOVAN.

N. B. Their COMPTING-HOUSE is kept at said *Broughton's*, where col. *Brewton* formerly, and *Charles Pinckney*, Esq; lately, lived; and where all letters or orders to them, are desired to be left.

Wilson, Coram, & Co.

Have just imported in the Ranger, *Capt.* William Pickles, *from* London, *and the* Liberty, *Captain* Lasley, *from* Bristol,

A COMPLEAT assortment of European and East-India goods, which they will sell at a reasonable advance, at their store the corner of Broad-street, near the Watch house.

They have also a few pipes of choice old LONDON MADERA WINE, KENTON'S old PORTER in bottles, Jamaica and Northward RUM, bar iron, shear moulds, steel, New-York best BEER in barrels, Weston's superfine pigtail tobacco, &c. fine English potatoes.

JUST imported, in the brigantine Philadelphia Packet, Capt. John Harrison, from Philadelphia, super fine flour in whole and half barrels, Haynes's best double beer in ditto, to be sold by SHEED & WHITE.

RUTLEDGE & LESSESNE

Have just imported in the Beaufain, Capt. Curling, from LONDON,

A COMPLEAT assortment of European and East India GOODS, proper for the present season; among which are,

FASHIONABLE broad cloths, with suitable trimmings, stuffs for womens gowns; mens, womens, boys and girls worsted hose, mens super fine white silk ditto, ladies riding hats with feathers, a few very handsome Laylock and white grounded brocades; one rich white watered tabby, crow coloured mantua free from spots, one Laylock coloured ducape, with many more fashionable silks, English and India chints, some elegant India chints, counterpanes, compleat setts of table and tea china, almonds, currants and raisins, with most other articles generally imported, and will be sold on very moderate terms, at their store in Broad-street.

Best double Philadelphia beer, rum, wine, sugar, salt and bar iron, to be sold as above.

TO BE SOLD
By HARVEY & BATY,

OLD Madera WINE of different qualities, by the pipe, quarter cask, or smaller quantity, not less than three gallons, and by the dozen.

Old Teneriff Vidonia wine by the like quantity.

An inferior quality at 17 s. 6 d. per gallon.

Extraordinary good CLARET, and best London porter in bottles, by the dozen.

Brandy and gin by the cask or three gallons.

Very good vinegar.

Old Jamaica rum by the hogshead, quarter cask, or smaller quantity, not less than three gallons.

Old West-India rum and Northward ditto by the like quantity.

A few dozen phials of choice Durham mustard, wholesale and retale very reasonable.

All which are warranted to be exceeding good in quality, and may be had at their store in Gadsden's alley, next door to Crouch's printing office.

N. B. Orders from the country will be punctually complied with. 6 w

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The COPARTNERSHIP of
Villepontoux & Waring

Being expired some months, and having already publicly informed their friends of the same;

THEY think it further necessary to acquaint them, that Mr. Villepontoux (who has the settlement of the books) will continue in Charles-Town, until the first day of April next, when every accompt unpaid by that day, must be settled by an attorney at law, without any exception whatever. Those who are still indebted to them for goods bought at Bacon's Bridge, must not expect the same indulgence.

PHILADELPHIA super fine flour and bar iron, lately imported, old Jamaica rum in puncheons and quarter casks, and one hundred and forty tons of good logwood, of which forty tons are chipt, to be sold reasonably, by THOMAS SHIRLEY.

For LONDON,
(To sail in a month)
The ship CAROLINA PACKET,
WILLIAM WHITE, master,

FOR freight or passage, having good accommodations, treat MILES BREWTON,

Or said master, who has a chest of excellent Hyson Tea for sale.

TO BE SOLD,

THE plantation whereon the late Robert Hume, Esq; lately lived, in Goose Creek parish, about twenty miles from Charles-Town, containing 775 acres of land, on which is a large commodious dwelling house, a good kitchen, barn, and corn house, with every other necessary building, and is very agreeably situated for a country seat. Sixty acres of the said land are fit for rice, and some very good for corn; the remainder is well timbered with pines, and will suit extremely well for sawing, not being above a mile and a half from a landing. One or two years credit will be given if desired, paying interest, and giving good security. Any person inclinable to purchase may treat with Mr. JOSIAH BONNEAU, in Charles-Town, or ROBERT QUASH, jun.

Colleton County, Jan. 6, 1768.

BROUGHT, before me to be advertised by Mr. Moore (living at Mr. Huger's plantation, at the Horse-shoe) a brown bay (inclining a little to a roan) riding gelding, 5 years old, mealy nose, about 13¼ hands high, branded on the off buttock W. The owner must apply within six months from this date, and prove the property before

JOSEPH GLOVER, *J. P.*

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the oldest Printing-Office, Broad-Street, next to the General Post-Office; where Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c. for this Paper are taken in, all Kinds of useful Blanks sold, and all Sorts of Printing-Work is done with Accuracy and Dispatch.